

CT in Minor Head Injury

1. Head injury occurs in over _____ of patients who experienced trauma.
 - a. 25%
 - b. 30%
 - c. 40%
 - d. 50%
2. What year was the term “mild/minor head injury” first described?
 - a. 1981
 - b. 1983
 - c. 1985
 - d. 1988
3. What is the modality of choice in trauma centers to evaluate the brain?
 - a. MRI
 - b. CT
 - c. Radiography
 - d. Ultrasound
4. CT Scanning is generally repeated to follow traumatic patients, and this raises the _____ concerns.
 - a. Expense
 - b. Workload
 - c. Radiation
 - d. A & B
5. What year was the New Orleans Criteria (NOC) introduced for minor head injury patients?
 - a. 1995
 - b. 1999
 - c. 2000
 - d. 2001
6. The Canadian CT Head Rule Study included adults over the age of _____.
 - a. 60 years
 - b. 65 years
 - c. 70 years
 - d. 75 years
7. According to the text, what is the estimated lifetime cancer mortality risk for a one-year-old from a head CT scan?
 - a. 1 in 1500
 - b. 2 in 1500
 - c. 3 in 1500
 - d. 4 in 1500

8. One of the CHALICE decision rule criteria is witnessed LOC of _____ minute duration.
 - a. >3
 - b. >5
 - c. >7
 - d. >10
9. The Canadian Assessment of Tomography for Childhood Head (CATCH) clinical decision rule included children between _____ years of age.
 - a. 0 – 5
 - b. 0 – 8
 - c. 0 – 12
 - d. 1 – 16
10. Which of the following is a medium risk criteria under the CATCH decision rule?
 - a. Raccoon eyes
 - b. Otorrhea
 - c. Large and boggy hematoma of the scalp
 - d. All the above